# A Hybrid Approach to Teaching Young English Learners



# Webinar Tips



Close all programs& browsers tomaximize bandwidth



**Exit & re-enter** the webinar if you experience a lag



Use the Questions feature for technical assistance (and to ask the presenter a question)



The recording, slides, and resources, will be sent by email





Brenda Rosas
Educational Consultant

## Introduction

- B.A. in Chinese, M.A. in English (TESOL)
- 15 years in Secondary EL multi-level classrooms
- EL Curriculum and Assessment Development
- Began Using a Blended Learning Approach in 2009

Megan Ha Early Childhood Educator

- B.S. in Human Development
- M.A. in Teaching
- Teaching Credential
- Experience in teaching blended learning since 2017
- Delivers synchronous direct one on one instruction





## Agenda

- Philosophy
- "Bag of Tricks"
- Model: A hybrid approach of a lesson
- Digital materials from Hands-On English
- Q&A





Hybrid Learning vs. Blended Learning





Hybrid Learning vs. Blended Learning

Synchronous and Asynchronous



Live Instruction vs. Independent Study



Hybrid Learning vs. Blended Learning

Synchronous and Asynchronous

Direct Instruction and Independent Practice







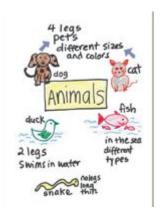
Hybrid Learning vs. Blended Learning

Synchronous and Asynchronous

Direct Instruction and Independent Practice

**Discussion/Anchor Charts** 







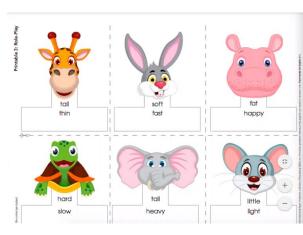
Big and Little



## **Philosophy**

Hybrid Learning vs. Blended Learning

Synchronous and Asynchronous





Direct Instruction and Independent Practice

Discussion

Use of Images/Videos











Hybrid Learning vs. Blended Learning

Synchronous and Asynchronous



Chapter 5

SLIDE 4

2. (point to pages 2-3) Look at these pictures. Which picture shows Miss Hippo counting? This picture shows . . .

Miss Hippo and Her Friends **Comprehension Questions** 

1. Who is the main character in the story?

The main character is .

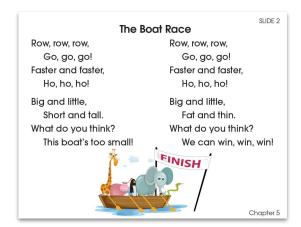
- 3. Describe Miss Giraffe and Miss Elephant.
- Miss Giraffe is \_\_\_\_\_ and \_\_\_\_. Miss Elephant is and .

Direct Instruction and Independent Practice

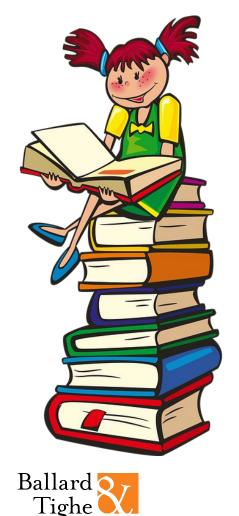
Discussion

Use of Images

Interacting with slides







Hybrid Learning vs. Blended Learning

Synchronous and Asynchronous

Direct Instruction and Independent Practice

Discussion

Use of Images

Interacting with slides, docs, pdfs, etc.

Academic Skills: Reading, writing, listening, speaking



## **Use of Images**

- Always use images alongside words
  - Phonics Charts
  - Vocabulary
  - Fiction and Informational Texts
  - Speak to write
  - Non-speakers- use images to respond
- L1, L2, L3+
  - o Images, words, sentences





#### **Use of Actions**

- Always use actions
  - Songs or Chants
    - Phonics
    - Vocabulary
    - Opposites
  - TPR- Total Physical Response





#### **Oral Language Practice**

- Every activity/ skill starts with oral language practice
  - Engaging impromptu speaking opportunities (schema building)
  - Activities- Inside Outside, Lines of Communication, Turn and Talk
- Use sentence frames or sentence starters
  - o I do, we do, you do
- Breakout Rooms
  - One or two native speakers or higher level students mixed in
    - Guide ELs, model
  - Push in or small groups





#### Reading

- Schema Building
- Images- Picture Walk
- Reading Skills
  - Fiction: sequencing and summarizing
  - o Informational: facts, bubble charts, draw, comparing/contrasting
  - Describe the difference between fiction and nonfiction
  - Chunking: beginning, middle, end to ask for comprehension, facts, and sequencing
    - Turn and Talk, Sentence Frames/Starters
- Decoding vs. Comprehension
- When teaching a reading: speak/listen -> read-> write





#### Vocabulary

- Teach vocabulary in context
- Pre-teach vocabulary
- During reading-point them out/check in
- After reading-reinforce





#### **Sentence Frames**

- Use sentence frames/sentence starters
- Explicitly teach grammar forms/functions
  - Point out the grammar in context
- Non-speakers: use images in the blanks
- Produce language using images
- Oral presentations with sentence frames
- Literature frames





#### **Phonics**

- Phonics should be explicitly taught
  - Rules
  - "When students see words that pertain to rules they've learned, familiarity will click."
  - Phonics Charts
    - Add your own images
    - **■** Example Video
      - Model- repeat "I do, we do, you do"
      - Chant: sound, say the word, spell the letters





#### **Interactive Worksheets**

- Project them/share screen
- Do orally first
- Make an image to drop into a slide
  - o PPT, Seesaw, Pear Deck
- Make a "digital notebook" template with slides
  - Students cannot edit the template, but can type onto it using textboxes
- Write on a blank piece of paper/whiteboard





## **Critical Thinking**

- Comprehension questions
  - Video- schema building
  - Reading- open ended questions (not yes/no)
  - Students need to justify their answers





### Writing

- Speak to write- do orally first then write
  - Use sentence frames/ sentence starters/ word bank
- Draw pictures to speak







#### **Younger Learners**

- Longer wait times
- Silent period
- No pressure to speak
- Teach letters, sounds, matching pictures
- Work on listening first, not oral skills
- Singing, dancing, songs/chants
  - Even if they don't understand
- Repeating sounds, words, phrases



## **Hybrid Learning**

- Use video all the time
- Oral practice
- Breakout rooms
- Whole class direct instruction
- Engage them take brain breaks
  - o Gonoodle, silly songs, dance, sing along
- Less time on worksheets/ do orally
- Save writing for later





## **Modeling & Narration**

#### **Lesson Objectives:**

- Phonics
- Vocabulary
- Chants
- Describing animals/characters (adjectives)
- Opposites
- Prepositions
- Comparing/contrasting size and appearance
- Answering questions (fiction/informational)
- Prediction
- Sequencing



## Review

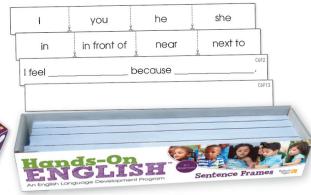
- Maximize Direct Instruction Time
- Discussion
- Use of Images/Actions
- Interacting with slides, docs, pdfs, etc.
- Focus on Academic Skills



# Hands-On English (K-1)





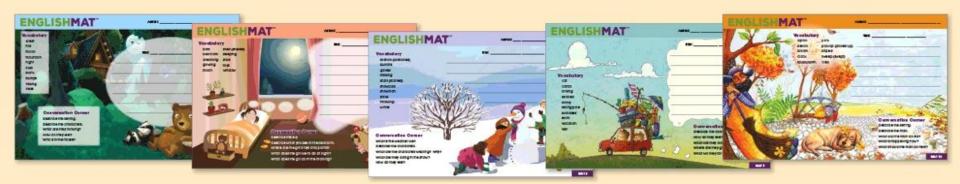




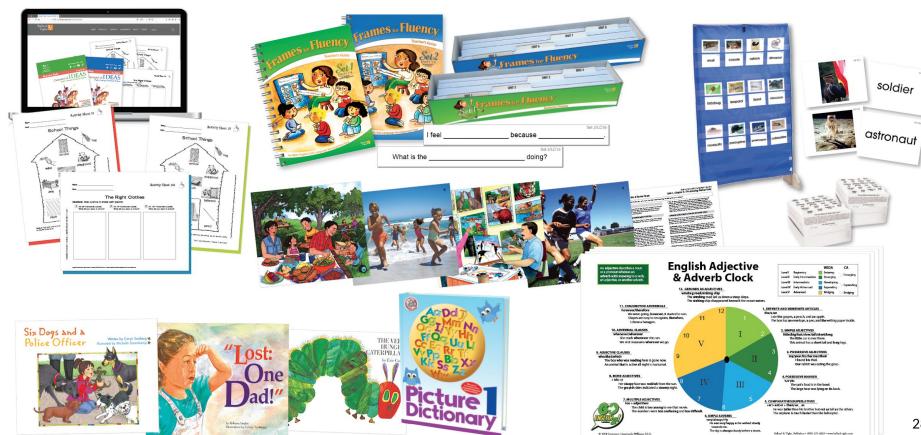


## **EnglishMats (K-5)**

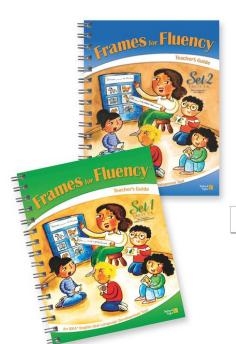


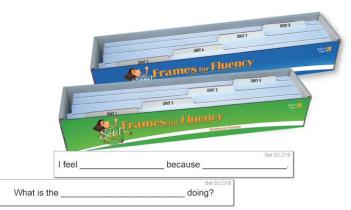


## Carousel of IDEAS (K-5)



# Frames for Fluency (K-12)









## Champion of IDEAS (6-12)



### Students

monitor learning.

practice online.

interact with content.

- · Self-checks to monitor learning
- · Interactive content and practice
- · Annotated tools to support reading comprehension
- Scaffolds to support learning



## **English & Spanish Language Proficiency Tests**

# Pre-K to 12 English and Spanish Proficiency Tests

#### Ideal for:

- Pre-K & Headstart programs
- Dual language programs
- Identification, placement & program decisions
- Annual & progress monitoring
- Redesignation



#### Diagnostic Profile of a Student's Test Performance

	Insufficient items administered to provide diagnostic information	Relative Weakness		
		None	Mild	Severe
Diagnostic Dimension*		Vocabulary		
			Grammar	
		Comprehension		
			Language Functions (including academic language)	
			Listening	
		Speaking		
		BICS (social language)		

#### **IPT Oral English Diagnostic Report:**

- Provides a language skills profile
- Evaluates student's strengths and weaknesses in relation to the overall proficiency level
- For example, this profile indicates that the student has good control of vocabulary, comprehension, speaking, and basic interpersonal communication skills (BICS) or social language, for which he/she is on the way to reaching the next proficiency level. However, his/her control of grammar language functions, and listening shows some weaknesses.

## Consultation





## 15-Day Free Trial or Book a Demo





Contact Brenda Rosas: brosas@ballard-tighe.com



## October: Lunch and Learn

Oral Practice: Maximize Live Instruction Time with Sentence Frames

Oct. 16 @ **OR** Oct. 23 @ 3:00 p.m. ET 12:00 p.m. ET 12:00 p.m. PT 9:00 a.m. PT







## Q&A

