



Frames for Fluency

(Beginning – Advanced High)

correlated to

**Grade 3 ELPA21 Standards Citation-Based** 

# **Grades 2-3 ELP Standards with Grade 2 Correspondences**

# Grade 3: Standard 1

	By the end of each English language proficiency level, an ELL can				
ELP.2-3.1.	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Level 4	Level 5
construct meaning from oral presentations and literary and informational text through gradeappropriate listening, reading, and	use a very limited set of strategies to:  • identify a few key words and phrases  from read-alouds, simple written texts, and oral presentations.	use an emerging set of strategies to:  • identify some key words and phrases • identify the main topic or message/lesson  from read-alouds, simple written texts, and oral presentations.	use a developing set of strategies to:  • identify the main topic or message • answer questions • retell some key details  from read-alouds, simple written texts, and oral presentations.	use an increasing range of strategies to:  • determine the main idea or message • identify or answer questions about some key details that support the main idea/message • retell a variety of stories from read-alouds, written	use a wide range of strategies to:  • determine the main idea or message • tell how key details support the main idea • retell a variety of stories from read-alouds, written texts, and oral communications.
viewing				texts, and oral presentations.	

#### when engaging in one or more of the following content-specific practices:

<b>EP1.</b> Support analyses of a range of grade-level complex texts with evidence.	MP1. Make sense of problems	SP1. Ask questions and
EP3. Construct valid arguments from evidence and critique the reasoning of others.	and persevere in solving	define problems.
<b>EP4.</b> Build and present knowledge from research by integrating, comparing, and synthesizing ideas from texts.	them.	
EP5. Build upon the ideas of others and articulate his or her own ideas when working collaboratively.		

# when engaging in tasks aligned with the following Grade 2 ELA Standards:

#### Literature

# **RL.2.** Recount stories, including fables and folktales from diverse cultures, and determine their central message, lesson, or moral.

- **RL.3.** Describe how characters in a story respond to major events and challenges.
- **RL.7.** Use information gained from the illustrations and words in a print or digital text to demonstrate understanding of its characters, setting, or plot.

#### **Informational Text**

- **RI.2.** Identify the main topic of a multiparagraph text as well as the focus of specific paragraphs within the text.
- **RI.3.** Describe the connection between a series of historical events, scientific ideas or concepts, or steps in technical procedures in a text.
- **RI.7.** Explain how specific images (e.g., a diagram showing how a machine works) contribute to and clarify a text.
- RL.1., Rl.1. Ask and answer such questions as who, what, where, when, why, and how to demonstrate understanding of key details in a text.
- **SL.2.** Recount or describe key ideas or details from a text read aloud or information presented orally or through other media. Recount or describe key ideas or details from a text read aloud or information presented orally or through other media.

	By the end of each English language proficiency level, an ELL can				
ELP.2-3.2.	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Level 4	Level 5
An ELL can  participate in grade- appropriate oral and written exchanges of information, ideas, and analyses, responding to peer, audience, or reader comments and questions	<ul> <li>listen to and occasionally participate in short conversations</li> <li>respond to simple yes/no and some wh- questions.</li> <li>about familiar topics.</li> <li>U1: 28-37</li> <li>U2: 40-55</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>participate in short conversations, discussions, and written exchanges</li> <li>take turns</li> <li>respond to simple yes/no and wh- questions</li> <li>about familiar topics.</li> <li>U3: 58-75</li> <li>U4: 78-97</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>participate in short discussions and written exchanges</li> <li>follow the rules for discussion</li> <li>ask questions to gain information or clarify understanding</li> <li>respond to the comments of others</li> <li>contribute his or her own comments about familiar topics and texts.</li> <li>U5: 28-41</li> <li>U6: 44-63</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>participate in discussions, conversations, and written exchanges</li> <li>follow the rules for discussion</li> <li>ask and answer questions</li> <li>build on the ideas of others</li> <li>contribute his or her own ideas</li> <li>about a variety of topics and texts.</li> <li>U7: 66-85</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>participate in extended discussions, conversations, and written exchanges</li> <li>follow the rules for discussion</li> <li>ask and answer questions</li> <li>build on the ideas of others</li> <li>express his or her own ideas about a variety of topics and texts.</li> <li>U8: 87-99</li> </ul>

#### when engaging in one or more of the following content-specific practices:

<b>EP1.</b> Support analyses of a range of grade-level complex	MP1. Make sense of problems and persevere in	SP4. Analyze and interpret data.
texts with evidence.	solving them.	<b>SP6.</b> Construct explanations and design solutions.
<b>EP5.</b> Build upon the ideas of others and articulate his or	MP6. Attend to precision.	<b>SP8.</b> Obtain, evaluate, and communicate information.
her own ideas when working collaboratively.		

- W.6. With guidance and support from adults, use a variety of digital tools to produce and publish writing, including in collaboration with peers.
- SL.1. Participate in collaborative conversations with diverse partners about Grade 2 topics and texts with peers and adults in small and larger groups.
  - a. Follow agreed-upon rules for discussions (e.g., gaining the floor in respectful ways, listening to others with care, speaking one at a time about the topics and texts under discussion).
  - b. Build on others' talk in conversations by linking their comments to the remarks of others.
  - c. Ask for clarification and further explanation as needed about the topics and texts under discussion.

	By the end of each English language proficiency level, an ELL can				
ELP.2-3.3.	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Level 4	Level 5
An ELL can speak and write about	communicate simple information	<ul><li> deliver simple oral presentations</li><li> compose written texts</li></ul>	<ul><li>deliver short oral presentations</li><li>compose written</li></ul>	<ul><li>deliver short oral presentations</li><li>compose written</li></ul>	with some details,  • deliver oral presentations
grade-appropriate complex literary and informational texts and topics	about familiar texts, topics, experiences, or events.	about familiar texts, topics, experiences, or events.	narratives  • compose informational texts about familiar texts, topics, experiences, or events.	narratives  • compose informational texts  about a variety of texts, topics, experiences, or events.	<ul> <li>compose written narratives</li> <li>compose informational texts</li> <li>about a variety of texts, topics, experiences, or events.</li> </ul>

#### when engaging in one or more of the following content-specific practices:

<b>EP1.</b> Support analyses of a range of grade-level complex	MP1. Make sense of problems and persevere in solving	<b>SP6.</b> Construct explanations and design solutions.
texts with evidence.	them.	SP8. Obtain, evaluate, and communicate information.
<b>EP2.</b> Produce clear and coherent writing in which the development, organization, and style are appropriate to the task, purpose, and audience.	MP6. Attend to precision.	
appropriate to the task, purpose, and addience.		

- W.2. Write informative/explanatory texts in which they introduce a topic, use facts and definitions to develop points, and provide a concluding statement or section.
- **W.3.** Write narratives in which they recount a well-elaborated event or short sequence of events, include details to describe actions, thoughts, and feelings, use temporal words to signal event order, and provide a sense of closure.
- **SL.4.** Tell a story or recount an experience with appropriate facts and relevant, descriptive details, speaking audibly in coherent sentences.
- **SL.5.** Create audio recordings of stories or poems; add drawings or other visual displays to stories or recounts of experiences when appropriate to clarify ideas, thoughts, and feelings.

	By the end of each English language proficiency level, an ELL can				
ELP.2-3.4.	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Level 4	Level 5
An ELL can	<ul> <li>express an opinion</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>express an opinion</li> </ul>	• express an opinion	introduce a topic	introduce a topic
			• give one or more reasons	<ul> <li>express opinions</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>express opinions</li> </ul>
construct grade-			for the opinion	<ul> <li>give several reasons for</li> </ul>	• give several reasons for
appropriate oral and	about a familiar topic.	about a familiar topic or		the opinions	the opinions
written claims and		story.	about a familiar topic or		<ul> <li>provide a concluding</li> </ul>
support them with			story.	about a variety of topics.	statement
reasoning and					about a variety of topics.
evidence			<b>U5</b> : 32, 34		
evidence	<b>U2:</b> 50	<b>U2:</b> 94	<b>U6:</b> 57	<b>U7</b> : 76	<b>U8:</b> 93

#### when engaging in one or more of the following content-specific practices:

<b>EP2.</b> Produce clear and coherent writing in which the development, organization, and style are appropriate to task, purpose, and	MP3. Construct viable arguments and critique reasoning of others.	SP4. Analyze and interpret data. SP7. Engage in argument from evidence.
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audience.	MP6. Attend to precision.	SP8. Obtain, evaluate, and communicate
<b>EP3.</b> Construct valid arguments from evidence and critique the reasoning of others.		information.
<b>EP5.</b> Build upon the ideas of others and articulate his or her own ideas when working collaboratively.		
<b>EP6.</b> Use English structures to communicate context-specific messages.		

- **W.1.** Write opinion pieces in which they introduce the topic or book they are writing about, state an opinion, supply reasons that support the opinion, use linking words (e.g., because, and, also) to connect opinion and reasons, and provide a concluding statement or section.
- SL.4. Tell a story or recount an experience with appropriate facts and relevant, descriptive details, speaking audibly in coherent sentences.
- **L.6.** Use words and phrases acquired through conversations, reading and being read to, and responding to texts, including using adjectives and adverbs to describe (e.g., *When other kids are happy that makes me happy*).

	By the end of each English language proficiency level, an ELL can				
ELP.2-3.5.	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Level 4	Level 5
An ELL can  conduct research and evaluate and communicate findings to answer questions or solve problems	with prompting and support,  • carry out short individual or shared research projects • gather information from provided sources • label information.	with prompting and support,  carry out short individual or shared research projects  recall information from experience  gather information from provided sources  record some information/observations in simple notes.	with prompting and support,  carry out short individual or shared research projects  recall information from experience  gather information from provided sources  record information/ observations in orderly notes.	with prompting and support,  carry out short individual or shared research projects,  recall information from experience  gather information from multiple sources  sort evidence into provided categories.	<ul> <li>carry out short individual or shared research projects,</li> <li>recall information from experience</li> <li>gather information from multiple sources</li> <li>sort evidence into categories.</li> </ul>
	when en	gaging in one or more of the	e following content-specific	practices:	

<b>EP1.</b> Support analyses of a range of grade-level complex texts with	MP1. Make sense of problems and	<b>SP3.</b> Plan and carry out investigations.
evidence.	persevere in solving them.	<b>SP6.</b> Construct explanations and design solutions.
<b>EP4.</b> Build and present knowledge from research by integrating,		SP8. Obtain, evaluate, and communicate
comparing, and synthesizing ideas from texts.		information.
<b>EP5.</b> Build upon the ideas of others and articulate his or her own		
ideas when working collaboratively.		
<b>EP6.</b> Use English structures to communicate context-specific		
messages.		
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- W.7. Participate in shared research and writing projects (e.g., read a number of books on a single topic to produce a report; record science observations).
- W.8. Recall information from experiences or gather information from provided sources to answer a question.
- SL.4. Tell a story or recount an experience with appropriate facts and relevant, descriptive details, speaking audibly in coherent sentences.

	By the end of each English language proficiency level, an ELL can				
ELP.2-3.6.	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Level 4	Level 5
analyze and critique the arguments of others orally and in writing	with prompting and support,  • use a few frequently occurring words and phrases to identify a point an author or a speaker makes.	with prompting and support,  • identify a reason an author or a speaker gives to support the main point.	tell how one or two reasons support the main point an author or a speaker makes.	• tell how one or two reasons support the specific points an author or a speaker makes.	describe how reasons support the specific points an author or a speaker makes.

# when engaging in one or more of the following content-specific practices:

<b>EP2.</b> Produce clear and coherent writing in which the development, organization, and style are appropriate to task, purpose, and audience.	MP1. Make sense of problems and persevere in solving them. MP3. Construct viable arguments and	SP1. Ask questions and define problems. SP6. Construct explanations and design solutions.
<ul> <li>EP3. Construct valid arguments from evidence and critique the reasoning of others.</li> <li>EP4. Build and present knowledge from research by integrating, comparing, and synthesizing ideas from texts.</li> <li>EP5. Build upon the ideas of others and articulate his or her own ideas when working collaboratively.</li> </ul>	critique reasoning of others.	SP7. Engage in argument from evidence. SP8. Obtain, evaluate, and communicate information.

- RI.8. Describe how reasons support specific points the author makes in a text.
- **W.1.** Write opinion pieces in which they introduce the topic or book they are writing about, state an opinion, supply reasons that support the opinion, use linking words (e.g., because, and, also) to connect opinion and reasons, and provide a concluding statement or section.
- SL.3. Ask and answer questions about what a speaker says in order to clarify comprehension, gather additional information, or deepen understanding of a topic or issue.

		By the end of each English language proficiency level, an ELL can				
ELP.2-3.7.	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Level 4	Level 5	
An ELL can adapt language choices to purpose, task, and audience when speaking and writing	<ul> <li>recognize the meaning of some words learned through conversations, reading, and being read to.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>show increasing awareness of differences between informal "playground speech" and language appropriate to the classroom</li> <li>use some words learned through conversations, reading, and being read to.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>compare examples of the formal and informal use of English</li> <li>(at Grade 3), use an increasing number of general academic and content-specific words in conversations and discussions.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>adapt language choices, as appropriate, to formal and informal contexts</li> <li>(at Grade 3), use a wider range of general academic and content- specific words in conversations and discussions.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>adapt language choices, as appropriate, to forma and informal contexts</li> <li>(at Grade 3), use a wide variety of general and content-specific academic words and phrases in conversations or in short written texts.</li> </ul>	

#### when engaging in one or more of the following content-specific practices:

<b>EP2.</b> Produce clear and coherent writing in which the development,	MP6. Attend to precision.	<b>SP1.</b> Ask questions and define problems.
organization, and style are appropriate to the task, purpose, and		<b>SP6.</b> Construct explanations and design solutions.
audience.		<b>SP8.</b> Obtain, evaluate, and communicate information.
<b>EP6.</b> Use English structures to communicate context-specific messages.		

- W.5. With guidance and support from adults and peers, focus on a topic and strengthen writing as needed by revising and editing.
- SL.6. Produce complete sentences when appropriate to task and situation in order to provide requested detail or clarification.
- **L.6.** Use words and phrases acquired through conversations, reading and being read to, and responding to texts, including using adjectives and adverbs to describe (e.g., When other kids are happy that makes me happy).

	By the end of each English language proficiency level, an ELL can				
ELP.2-3.8.	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Level 4	Level 5
An ELL can  determine the meaning of words and phrases in oral presentations and literary and informational text	relying heavily on visual aids, context, and knowledge of morphology in his or her native language,  • recognize the meaning of a few frequently occurring words, simple phrases, and formulaic expressions  in simple oral discourse, read-alouds, and written texts about familiar topics, experiences, or events.	using context, visual aids, and knowledge of morphology in his or her native language,  • ask and answer questions about the meaning of frequently occurring words, phrases, and expressions  in simple oral discourse, read-alouds, and written texts about familiar topics, experiences, or events.  U3: 65, 69 U4: 92	using context, some visual aids, reference materials, and a developing knowledge of English morphology,  • determine the meaning of less-frequently occurring words and phrases, content-specific words, and some idiomatic expressions in oral discourse, readalouds, and written texts about familiar topics, experiences, or events.	using context, some visual aids, reference materials, and an increasing knowledge of morphology (root words, some prefixes),  • determine the meaning of less-frequently occurring words and phrases and some idiomatic expressions  • (at Grade 3) some general academic and content-specific vocabulary  in oral discourse, readalouds, and written texts about a variety of topics, experiences, or events.	using context, reference materials, and morphology (e.g., root words, simple inflectional endings such as -ed, -ing, and some common prefixes),  • determine the meaning of less-frequently occurring words, phrases, some idiomatic expressions  • (at Grade 3) some general academic and content-specific vocabulary in oral presentations and written texts about a variety of topics, experiences, or events.
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#### when engaging in one or more of the following content-specific practices:

<b>EP1.</b> Support analyses of a range of grade-level complex texts with evidence.	MP1. Make sense of problems and	<b>SP1.</b> Ask questions and define problems.
<b>EP6.</b> Use English structures to communicate context-specific messages.	persevere in solving them.	SP8. Obtain, evaluate, and communicate information.

# when engaging in tasks aligned with the following Grade 2 ELA Standards:

# Literature Informational Text

**RL.4.** Ask and answer questions about unknown words in a text.

RI.4. With prompting and support, ask and answer questions about unknown words in a text.

- L.4. Determine or clarify the meaning of unknown and multiple-meaning words and phrases based on Grade 2 reading and content.
  - a. Identify new meanings for familiar words and apply them accurately (e.g., knowing duck is a bird and learning the verb to duck).
  - b. Use the most frequently occurring inflections and affixes (e.g., -ed, -s, re-, un-, pre-, -ful, -less) as a clue to the meaning of an unknown word.
- L.5. With guidance and support from adults, explore word relationships and nuances in word meanings.
  - a. Sort common objects into categories (e.g., shapes, foods) to gain a sense of the concepts the categories represent.
  - b. Demonstrate understanding of frequently occurring verbs and adjectives by relating them to their opposites (antonyms).
  - c. Identify real-life connections between words and their use (e.g., note places at school that are colorful).
  - d. Distinguish shades of meaning among verbs describing the same general action (e.g., walk, march, strut, prance) by acting out the meanings.

	By the end of each English language proficiency level, an ELL can				
ELP.2-3.9.	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Level 4	Level 5
An ELL can  create clear and coherent grade- appropriate speech and text	with support (including context and visual aids), and using non-verbal communication,  • communicate simple information about an event or topic  • use a narrow range of vocabulary and syntactically simple sentences with limited control.	with support (including visual aids and modeled sentences),  • communicate simple information about a topic  • recount two events in sequence  • use frequently occurring linking words (e.g., and, then) with emerging control.	<ul> <li>with support (including modeled sentences),</li> <li>present a few pieces of information about a topic</li> <li>recount a short sequence of events</li> <li>use common linking words (e.g., and, but, next, after) to connect ideas or events with developing control.</li> </ul>	with increasingly independent control,  • introduce an informational topic • present facts about the topic • recount a sequence of events, using temporal words (before, after, soon) • use linking words (e.g., because, and, also) to connect ideas or events.	<ul> <li>with independent control,</li> <li>introduce an informational topic</li> <li>present facts about the topic</li> <li>use temporal words to recount a coherent sequence of events,</li> <li>use linking words (e.g., because, and, also) to connect ideas and events</li> <li>provide a concluding statement about the topic.</li> </ul>

# when engaging in one or more of the following content-specific practices:

<b>EP2.</b> Produce clear and coherent writing in which the	MP1. Make sense of problems and persevere in solving	<b>SP7.</b> Engage in argument from evidence.	l
development, organization, and style are	them.	SP8. Obtain, evaluate, and communicate	l
appropriate to task, purpose, and audience.	MP3. Construct viable arguments and critique reasoning	information.	l
	of others.		l
			l

- W.2. Write informative/explanatory texts in which they introduce a topic, use facts and definitions to develop points, and provide a concluding statement or section.
- **W.3.** Write narratives in which they recount a well-elaborated event or short sequence of events, include details to describe actions, thoughts, and feelings, use temporal words to signal event order, and provide a sense of closure.
- **SL.4.** Tell a story or recount an experience with appropriate facts and relevant, descriptive details, speaking audibly in coherent sentences.

	By the end of each English language proficiency level, an ELL can				
ELP.2-3.10.	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Level 4	Level 5
An ELL can  make accurate use of standard English to communicate in grade-appropriate speech and writing	with support (including context and visual aids),  understand and use a small number of frequently occurring nouns and verbs respond to simple questions.	with support (including visual aids and modeled sentences),  • recognize and use some frequently occurring collective nouns (e.g. group)  • recognize and use some frequently occurring verbs, adjectives, adverbs, and conjunctions  • produce simple sentences in response to prompts.	with support (including modeled sentences),  • use some collective nouns  • use the past tense of some frequently occurring irregular verbs  • use some frequently occurring adjectives, adverbs, and conjunctions  • produce and expand simple and some compound sentences.	<ul> <li>use collective nouns</li> <li>use the past tense of frequently occurring irregular verbs</li> <li>use an increasing number of adjectives, adverbs, and conjunctions</li> <li>produce and expand simple, compound, and (at Grade 3) a few complex sentences.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>use collective and commonly occurring abstract nouns (e.g. childhood)</li> <li>use the past tense of frequently occurring irregular verbs</li> <li>use coordinating and commonly used subordinating conjunctions, adjectives, and adverbs</li> <li>produce and expand simple, compound, and (at Grade 3) some complex sentences.</li> </ul>
	<b>U1:</b> 28-37 <b>U2:</b> 40-55	<b>U3:</b> 58-75 <b>U4:</b> 78-97	<b>U5</b> : 28- 41 <b>U6</b> : 44-63	<b>U7:</b> 66-85	<b>U8</b> : 87-99

# when engaging in one or more of the following content-specific practices:

<b>EP2.</b> Produce clear and coherent writing in which the development,	MP6. Attend to precision.	SP8. Obtain, evaluate, and communicate information.
organization, and style are appropriate to task, purpose, and		
audience.		
<b>EP6.</b> Use English structures to communicate context- specific messages.		

- L.1. Demonstrate command of the conventions of standard English grammar and usage when writing or speaking.
  - a. Use collective nouns (e.g., group).
  - b. Form and use frequently occurring irregular plural nouns (e.g., feet, children, teeth, mice, fish).
  - c. Use reflexive pronouns (e.g., myself, ourselves).
  - d. Form and use the past tense of frequently occurring irregular verbs (e.g., sat, hid, told).
  - e. Use adjectives and adverbs, and choose between them depending on what is to be modified.
  - f. Produce, expand, and rearrange complete simple and compound sentences (e.g., *The boy watched the movie; The little boy watched the movie; The action movie was watched by the little boy*).