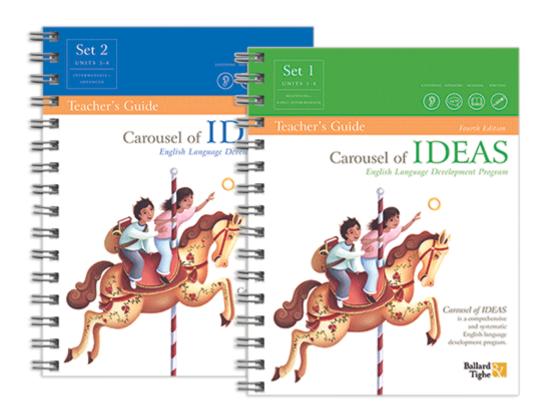


Carousel of IDEAS (Beginning – Advanced High)

correlated to

Grade 5 ELPA21 Standards Citation-Based



Grades 4-5 ELP Standards with Grade 4 Correspondences

Grade 5: Standard 1

		By the end of each English language proficiency level, an ELL can			
ELP.4-5.1.	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Level 4	Level 5
An ELL can	use a very limited set of strategies to:	use an emerging set of strategies to:	use a developing set of strategies to:	use an increasing range of strategies to:	use a wide range of strategies to: • determine two or more
construct meaning from oral presentations and literary and informational text through gradeappropriate listening, reading, and viewing	• identify a few key words and phrases from read-alouds, simple written texts, and oral presentations. U1: 44, 54, 78, 123, 146 U2: 248, 275, 300, 320, 352	• identify the main topic • retell a few key details from read-alouds, simple written texts, and oral presentations. U3: 352, 378, 427, 453, 477 U4: 529, 553, 577, 602, 625	 determine the main idea or theme, and retell a few key details retell familiar stories from read-alouds, simple written texts, and oral presentations. U5: 56, 88, 109, 116, 202 U6: 248, 278, 306, 338, 367 	 determine the main idea or theme, and explain how some key details support the main idea or theme summarize part of a text from read-alouds, written texts, and oral presentations. U7: 424, 443, 451, 476, 505 	main ideas or themes explain how key details support the main ideas or themes support the main ideas or themes summarize a text from read-alouds, written texts, and oral presentations. U8: 569, 595, 620, 642, 648

when engaging in one or more of the following content-specific practices:

EP1. Support analyses of a range of grade-level complex texts with evidence.	MP1. Make sense of problems	SP1. Ask questions and
EP3. Construct valid arguments from evidence and critique the reasoning of others.	and persevere in solving	define problems.
EP4. Build and present knowledge from research by integrating, comparing, and synthesizing ideas from texts.	them.	
EP5. Build upon the ideas of others and articulate his or her own ideas when working collaboratively.		

when engaging in tasks aligned with the following Grade 4 ELA Standards:

Literature

- **RL.2.** Determine a theme of a story, drama, or poem from details in the text; summarize the text.
- **RL.3.** Describe in depth a character, setting, or event in a story or drama, drawing on specific details in the text (e.g., a character's thoughts, words, or actions).
- **RL.7.** Make connections between the text of a story or drama and a visual or oral presentation of the text, identifying where each version reflects specific descriptions and directions in the text.

Informational Text

- **RI.2.** Determine the main idea of a text and explain how it is supported by key details; summarize the text.
- RI.3. Explain events, procedures, ideas, or concepts in a historical, scientific, or technical text, including what happened and why, based on specific information in the text.
- RI.7. Interpret information presented visually, orally, or quantitatively (e.g., in charts, graphs, diagrams, time lines, animations, or interactive elements on Web pages) and explain how the information contributes to an understanding of the text in which it appears.
- RL.1., Rl.1. Refer to details and examples in a text when explaining what the text says explicitly and when drawing inferences from the text.
- SL.2. Paraphrase portions of a text read aloud or information presented in diverse media and formats, including visually, quantitatively, and orally.

	By the end of each English language proficiency level, an ELL can				
ELP.4-5.2.	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Level 4	Level 5
An ELL can participate in grade- appropriate oral and written exchanges of information, ideas, and analyses, responding to peer, audience, or reader comments and questions	 participate in short conversations participate in short written exchanges actively listen to others respond to simple questions and some whquestions about familiar topics. U1: 82, 96, 117, 121, 138 U2: 255, 272	 participate in short conversations participate in short written exchanges actively listen to others respond to simple questions and whquestions about familiar topics and texts. U3: 343, 345, 358, 375, 417 U4: 543, 567, 571, 591, 599, 639 	 participate in short conversations and discussions participate in short written exchanges respond to others' comments add some comments of his or her own ask and answer questions about familiar topics and texts. U5: 53, 63, 117, 127, 146 U6: 240, 293, 297, 301, 313 	 participate in conversations and discussions participate in written exchanges build on the ideas of others express his or her own ideas ask and answer relevant questions add relevant information and evidence about a variety of topics and texts. U7: 411, 417, 420, 456 	 participate in extended conversations and discussions participate in extended written exchanges build on the ideas of others express his or her own ideas clearly pose and respond to relevant questions add relevant and detailed information using evidence summarize the key ideas expressed about a variety of topics and texts. U8: 591, 599, 617, 618

when engaging in one or more of the following content-specific practices:

EP1. Support analyses of a range of grade-level complex	MP1. Make sense of problems and persevere in	SP4. Analyze and interpret data.	
texts with evidence.	solving them.	SP6. Construct explanations and design solutions.	
EP5. Build upon the ideas of others and articulate his or	MP6. Attend to precision.	SP8. Obtain, evaluate, and communicate information.	
her own ideas when working collaboratively.			

- **W.6.** With some guidance and support from adults, use technology, including the Internet, to produce and publish writing as well as to interact and collaborate with others; demonstrate sufficient command of keyboarding skills to type a minimum of one page in a single sitting.
- **SL.1.** Engage effectively in a range of collaborative discussions (one-on-one, in groups, and teacher-led) with diverse partners on *grade 4 topics and texts*, building on others' ideas and expressing their own clearly.
 - a. Come to discussions prepared, having read or studied required material; explicitly draw on that preparation and other information known about the topic to explore ideas under discussion.
 - b. Follow agreed-upon rules for discussions and carry out assigned roles.
 - c. Pose and respond to specific questions to clarify or follow up on information, and make comments that contribute to the discussion and link to the remarks of others.
 - d. Review the key ideas expressed and explain their own ideas and understanding in light of the discussion.

		By the end of each English language proficiency level, an ELL can				
ELP.4-5.3.	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Level 4	Level 5	
An ELL can speak and write about grade-appropriate complex literary and informational texts and topics	• communicate simple information about familiar texts, topics, events, or objects in the environment. U1: 45, 60, 69, 81, 82, 149 U2: 164, 175, 203, 239, 250	 deliver short oral presentations compose written texts about familiar texts, topics, and experiences. U3: 353, 359, 375, 387, 408 U4: 559, 569, 575, 582, 603 	 including a few details, deliver short oral presentations compose written narratives or informational texts about familiar texts, topics, and experiences. U5: 49, 67, 76, 86, 110 U6: 250, 255, 267, 272, 283 	 including some details, deliver short oral presentations compose written narratives or informational texts about a variety of texts, topics, and experiences. U7: 418, 421, 448, 469, 474 	including details and examples to develop a topic, • deliver oral presentations • compose written narrative or informational texts about a variety of texts, topics, and experiences. U8: 612, 540, 648	

EP1. Support analyses of a range of grade-level complex	MP1. Make sense of problems and persevere in solving	SP6. Construct explanations and design solutions.
texts with evidence.	them.	SP8. Obtain, evaluate, and communicate information.
EP2. Produce clear and coherent writing in which the	MP6. Attend to precision.	
development, organization, and style are		
appropriate to the task, purpose, and audience.		

- W.2. Write informative/explanatory texts to examine a topic and convey ideas and information clearly.
 - a. Introduce a topic clearly and group related information in paragraphs and sections; include formatting (e.g., headings), illustrations, and multimedia when useful to aiding comprehension.
 - b. Develop the topic with facts, definitions, concrete details, quotations, or other information and examples related to the topic.
 - c. Link ideas within categories of information using words and phrases (e.g., another, for example, also, because).
 - d. Use precise language and domain-specific vocabulary to inform about or explain the topic.
- W.3. Write narratives to develop real or imagined experiences or events using effective technique, descriptive details, and clear event sequences.
 - a. Orient the reader by establishing a situation and introducing a narrator and/or characters; organize an event sequence that unfolds naturally.
 - b. Use dialogue and description to develop experiences and events or show the responses of characters to situations.
 - c. Use a variety of transitional words and phrases to manage the sequence of events.
 - d. Use concrete words and phrases and sensory details to convey experiences and events precisely.
 - e. Provide a conclusion that follows from the narrated experiences or events.
- SL.4. Report on a topic or text, tell a story, or recount an experience in an organized manner, using appropriate facts and relevant, descriptive details to support main ideas or themes; speak clearly at an understandable pace.

		By the end of each English language proficiency level, an ELL can			
ELP.4-5.4.	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Level 4	Level 5
An ELL can construct grade- appropriate oral and written claims and support them with	express an opinion about a familiar topic.	 construct a simple claim about a familiar topic give a reason to support the claim. 	 construct a claim about familiar topics introduce the topic provide a few reasons or facts to support the claim. 	 construct a claim about a variety of topics introduce the topic provide several reasons or facts to support the claim 	 construct a claim about a variety of topics introduce the topic provide logically ordered reasons or facts to support the claim
reasoning and evidence	U2 : 173, 226	U2 : 173, 226	U5: 110 U6: 272	 provide a concluding statement. U7: 531 	 provide a concluding statement. U8: 587

when engaging in one or more of the following content-specific practices:

MP3. Construct viable arguments and	SP4. Analyze and interpret data.
critique reasoning of others.	SP7. Engage in argument from evidence.
MP6. Attend to precision.	SP8. Obtain, evaluate, and communicate
	information.
	critique reasoning of others.

- W.1. Write opinion pieces on topics or texts, supporting a point of view with reasons and information.
 - a. Introduce a topic or text clearly, state an opinion, and create an organizational structure in which related ideas are grouped to support the writer's purpose.
 - b. Provide reasons that are supported by facts and details.
 - c. Link opinion and reasons using words and phrases (e.g., for instance, in order to, in addition).
 - d. Provide a concluding statement or section related to the opinion presented.
- **SL.4.** Report on a topic or text, tell a story, or recount an experience in an organized manner, using appropriate facts and relevant, descriptive details to support main ideas or themes; speak clearly at an understandable pace.
- **L.6.** Acquire and use accurately grade-appropriate general academic and domain-specific words and phrases, including those that signal precise actions, emotions, or states of being (e.g., quizzed, whined, stammered) and that are basic to a particular topic (e.g., wildlife, conservation, and endangered when discussing animal preservation).

	By the end of each English language proficiency level, an ELL can				
ELP.4-5.5.	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Level 4	Level 5
An ELL can conduct research and evaluate and communicate findings to answer questions or solve problems	 recall information from experience gather information from a few provided sources label some key information. U1: 44 U2: 162, 264	 recall information from experience gather information from provided sources record some information. 	 recall information from experience gather information from print and digital sources to answer a question identify key information in orderly notes. 	 recall information from experience gather information from print and digital sources to answer a question record information in organized notes, with charts, tables, or other graphics, as appropriate provide a list of sources. 	 recall information from experience gather information from print and digital sources summarize key ideas and information in detailed and orderly notes, with graphics as appropriate provide a list of sources.

when engaging in one or more of the following content-specific practices:

EP1. Support analyses of a range of grade-level complex texts with evidence. EP4. Build and present knowledge from research by integrating, comparing, and synthesizing ideas from texts. EP5. Build upon the ideas of others and articulate his or her own ideas when working collaboratively. EP6. Use English structures to communicate context-specific messages.	MP1. Make sense of problems and persevere in solving them.	SP3. Plan and carry out investigations. SP6. Construct explanations and design solutions. SP8. Obtain, evaluate, and communicate information.
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- **W.7.** Conduct short research projects that build knowledge through investigation of different aspects of a topic.
- W.8. Recall relevant information from experiences or gather relevant information from print and digital sources; take notes and categorize information, and provide a list of sources.
- W.9. Draw evidence from literary or informational texts to support analysis, reflection, and research.
- **SL.4.** Report on a topic or text, tell a story, or recount an experience in an organized manner, using appropriate facts and relevant, descriptive details to support main ideas or themes; speak clearly at an understandable pace.

		By the end of each English language proficiency level, an ELL can				
ELP.4-5.6.	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Level 4	Level 5	
analyze and critique the arguments of others orally and in writing	identify a point an author or speaker makes.	 identify a reason an author or speaker gives to support a main point agree or disagree with the author or speaker. 	tell how one or two reasons support the specific points an author or speaker makes or fails to make.	describe how reasons support the specific points an author or speaker makes or fails to make.	 explain how an author or speaker uses reasons and evidence to support or fail to support particular points (at grade 5) identify which reasons and evidence support which points. 	
	U1: na	U3: na	U5: na			
	U2: na	U4: na	U6: na	U7: na	U8: na	

when engaging in one or more of the following content-specific practices:

EP2. Produce clear and coherent writing in which the development, organization, and style are appropriate to task, purpose, and audience.	MP1. Make sense of problems and persevere in solving them. MP3. Construct viable arguments and	SP1. Ask questions and define problems. SP6. Construct explanations and design solutions.
EP3. Construct valid arguments from evidence and critique the reasoning of others.	critique reasoning of others.	SP7. Engage in argument from evidence. SP8. Obtain, evaluate, and communicate
 EP4. Build and present knowledge from research by integrating, comparing, and synthesizing ideas from texts. EP5. Build upon the ideas of others and articulate his or her own ideas when working collaboratively. 		information.

- RI.8. Explain how an author uses reasons and evidence to support particular points in a text.
- W.1b. Provide reasons that are supported by facts and details.
- **SL.3.** Identify the reasons and evidence a speaker provides to support particular points.
- **L.6.** Acquire and use accurately grade-appropriate general academic and domain-specific words and phrases, including those that signal precise actions, emotions, or states of being (e.g., quizzed, whined, stammered) and that are basic to a particular topic (e.g., wildlife, conservation, and endangered when discussing animal preservation).

	By the end of each English language proficiency level, an ELL can				
ELP.4-5.7.	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Level 4	Level 5
An ELL can adapt language choices to purpose, task, and audience when speaking and writing	 recognize the meaning of some words learned through conversations, reading, and being read to. U1: 68, 71, 90, 120, 151 U2: 162, 178, 184, 256, 328 	 with emerging control, adapt language choices to different social and academic contents use some words learned through conversations, reading, and being read to. U3: 340, 366, 394, 416 U4: 518, 542, 566, 590 	with developing control, adapt language choices according to purpose, task, and audience use an increasing number of general academic and content-specific words, phrases, and expressions in conversation, discussions, and short written text. U5: 42, 102, 136, 168 U6: 234, 264, 292, 354	with increasing ease, • adapt language choices and style (includes register) according to purpose, task, and audience • use a wider range of general academic and content-specific words and phrases in speech and writing. U7: 410, 438, 464, 492, 522	 adapt language choices and style according to purpose, task, and audience use a wide variety of general academic and content-specific words and phrases in speech and writing. U8: 556, 563, 565, 582, 630

when engaging in one or more of the following content-specific practices:

EP2. Produce clear and coherent writing in which the development,	MP6. Attend to precision.	SP1. Ask questions and define problems.
organization, and style are appropriate to the task, purpose, and		SP6. Construct explanations and design solutions.
audience.		SP8. Obtain, evaluate, and communicate information.
EP6. Use English structures to communicate context-specific messages.		

- W.5. With guidance and support from peers and adults, develop and strengthen writing as needed by planning, revising, and editing.
- **SL.6.** Differentiate between contexts that call for formal English (e.g., presenting ideas) and situations where informal discourse is appropriate (e.g., small-group discussion); use formal English when appropriate to task and situation.
- **L.6.** Acquire and use accurately grade-appropriate general academic and domain-specific words and phrases, including those that signal precise actions, emotions, or states of being (e.g., quizzed, whined, stammered) and that are basic to a particular topic (e.g., wildlife, conservation, and endangered when discussing animal preservation).

	By the end of each English language proficiency level, an ELL can				
ELP.4-5.8.	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Level 4	Level 5
An ELL can determine the meaning of words and phrases in oral presentations and literary and informational text	relying heavily on context, visual aids, and knowledge of morphology in his or her native language, • recognize the meaning of a few frequently occurring words, phrases, and formulaic expressions in simple oral discourse, read-alouds, and written texts about familiar topics, experiences, or events. U1: 41, 65, 127, 133 U2: 185, 266, 294, 298	using context, some visual aids, reference materials, and knowledge of morphology in his or her native language, • determine the meaning of some frequently occurring words, phrases, and expressions in simple oral discourse, read-alouds, and written texts about familiar topics, experiences, or events. U3: 337, 363, 437, 643, 487 U4: 515, 539, 563, 587, 611	using context, visual aids, reference materials, and a developing knowledge of English morphology, • determine the meaning of frequently occurring words and phrases • determine the meanings of some idiomatic expressions in texts about familiar topics, experiences, or events. U5: 42, 71, 99, 133, 165 U6: 201, 237, 266, 294, 328	using context, reference materials, and an increasing knowledge of English morphology, • determine the meaning of general academic and content-specific words, phrases • determine the meaning of a growing number of idiomatic expressions in texts about a variety of topics, experiences, or events. U7: 356, 384, 428, 528	using context, reference materials, and knowledge of English morphology, • determine the meaning of general academic and content-specific words and phrases • determine the meaning of figurative language (e.g., metaphors, similes, adages, and proverbs) in texts about a variety of topics, experiences, or events. U8: 559, 563, 571, 584, 632

when engaging in one or more of the following content-specific practices:

EP1. Support analyses of a range of grade-level complex texts with evidence.	MP1. Make sense of problems and	SP1. Ask questions and define problems.
EP6. Use English structures to communicate context-specific messages.	persevere in solving them.	SP8. Obtain, evaluate, and communicate information.

when engaging in tasks aligned with the following Grade 4 ELA Standards:

Literature Informational Text

- **RL.4.** Determine the meaning of words and phrases as they are used in a text, including those that allude to significant characters found in mythology (e.g., Herculean).
- **RI.4.** Determine the meaning of general academic and domain-specific words or phrases in a text relevant to a *grade 4 topic or subject area*.
- **L.4.** Determine or clarify the meaning of unknown and multiple-meaning words and phrases based on grade 4 reading and content, choosing flexibly from a range of strategies.
 - a. Use context (e.g., definitions, examples, or restatements in text) as a clue to the meaning of a word or phrase.
 - b. Use common, grade-appropriate Greek and Latin affixes and roots as clues to the meaning of a word (e.g., telegraph, photograph, autograph).
 - c. Consult reference materials (e.g., dictionaries, glossaries, thesauruses), both print and digital, to find the pronunciation and determine or clarify the precise meaning of key words and phrases.
- L.S. Demonstrate understanding of figurative language, word relationships, and nuances in word meanings.
 - a. Explain the meaning of simple similes and metaphors (e.g., as pretty as a picture) in context.
 - b. Recognize and explain the meaning of common idioms, adages, and proverbs.
 - c. Demonstrate understanding of words by relating them to their opposites (antonyms) and to words with similar but not identical meanings (synonyms).

	By the end of each English language proficiency level, an ELL can				
ELP.4-5.9.	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Level 4	Level 5
ELP.4-5.9. An ELL can create clear and coherent grade-appropriate speech and text	Level 1 with support (including context and visual aids), and using non-verbal communication, • communicate simple information about an event or topic • use a narrow range of vocabulary and syntactically simple sentences with limited control.	with support (including visual aids and modeled sentences), communicate simple information about a topic recount a simple sequence of events in order use frequently occurring linking words (e.g., and, then) with emerging control.	with support (including modeled sentences), introduce an informational topic present one or two facts about the topic recount a short sequence of events in order use an increasing range of temporal and other linking words (e.g., next, because, and, also) provide a concluding statement	• introduce an informational topic • develop the topic with facts and details • recount a more detailed sequence of events, with a beginning, middle, and end • use transitional words and phrases to connect events, ideas, and opinions (e.g., after a while, for example, in order to, as a result) • provide a conclusion	introduce an informational topic develop the topic with facts and details recount a more detailed sequence of events, with a beginning, middle, and end use a variety of linking words and phrases to connect ideas, information, or events provide a concluding statement or section.
	U1: 122, 144, 147, 164 U2: 179, 228, 255, 282, 283	U3: 354, 375, 380, 399, 402 U4: 526, 592, 603, 605, 646	with developing control. U5: 60, 90, 92, 118, 153 U6: 280, 311, 370, 398	with increasingly independent control. U7: 427, 454, 477, 508, 540	U8: 572, 597, 623, 643

when engaging in one or more of the following content-specific practices:

EP2. Produce clear and coherent writing in which the development, organization, and style are	MP1. Make sense of problems and persevere in solving them.	SP7. Engage in argument from evidence. SP8. Obtain, evaluate, and communicate
appropriate to task, purpose, and audience.	MP3. Construct viable arguments and critique reasoning	information.
	of others.	

- W.1c. Link opinion and reasons using words and phrases (e.g., for instance, in order to, in addition).
- W.2c. Link ideas within categories of information using words and phrases (e.g., another, for example, also, because).
- W.3c. Use a variety of transitional words and phrases to manage the sequence of events.
- W.4. Produce clear and coherent writing in which the development and organization are appropriate to task, purpose, and audience.
- **SL.4.** Report on a topic or text, tell a story, or recount an experience in an organized manner, using appropriate facts and relevant, descriptive details to support main ideas or themes; speak clearly at an understandable pace.

	By the end of each English language proficiency level, an ELL can				
ELP.4-5.10.	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Level 4	Level 5
make accurate use of standard English to communicate in grade-appropriate speech and writing	Level 1 with support (including context and visual aids), • recognize and use a small number of frequently occurring nouns, noun phrases, and verbs • understand and respond to simple questions.	visual aids and modeled sentences), • recognize and use some frequently occurring nouns, pronouns, verbs, prepositions, adjectives, adverbs, and conjunctions • produce simple	use some relative pronouns (e.g., who, whom, which, that), use some relative adverbs (e.g., where, when, why), use some prepositional phrases	 use relative pronouns (e.g., who, whom, which, that), use relative adverbs (e.g., where, when, why), use prepositional phrases use subordinating conjunctions produce and expand simple, compound, and a 	 use relative pronouns (e.g., who, whom, which, that), use relative adverbs (e.g., where, when, why) use prepositional phrases use subordinating conjunctions use the progressive and perfect verb tenses
	U1: 41, 65, 87, 111, 133 U2: 159, 185, 211, 261, 307	sentences in response to prompts. U3: 353, 359, 384, 506 U4: 525, 526, 548, 550, 619	 produce and expand simple and compound sentences. U5: 61, 75, 123, 140, 154 U6: 253, 301, 304, 312 	few complex sentences. U7: 524, 539, 542	 produce and expand simple, compound, and complex sentences. U8: 559, 565, 586, 616

when engaging in one or more of the following content-specific practices:

EP2. Produce clear and coherent writing in which the development,	MP6. Attend to precision.	SP8. Obtain, evaluate, and communicate information.
organization, and style are appropriate to task, purpose, and		
audience.		
EP6. Use English structures to communicate context- specific messages.		

- L.1. Demonstrate command of the conventions of standard English grammar and usage when writing or speaking.
 - a. Use relative pronouns (who, whose, whom, which, that) and relative adverbs (where, when, why).
 - b. Form and use the progressive (e.g., I was walking; I am walking; I will be walking) verb tenses.
 - c. Use modal auxiliaries (e.g., can, may, must) to convey various conditions.
 - d. Order adjectives within sentences according to conventional patterns (e.g., a small red bag rather than a red small bag).
 - e. Form and use prepositional phrases.
 - f. Produce complete sentences, recognizing and correcting inappropriate fragments and run-ons.
 - g. Correctly use frequently confused words (e.g., to, too, two; there, their).
- L.3. Use knowledge of language and its conventions when writing, speaking, reading, or listening.
 - a. Choose words and phrases to convey ideas precisely.
 - b. Choose punctuation for effect.
 - c. Differentiate between contexts that call for formal English (e.g., presenting ideas) and situations where informal discourse is appropriate (e.g., small-group discussion).