



Word Search

Directions: Find each of the words from the word list in the puzzle below. Once you find the word in the puzzle, circle it and put a ✓ next to the word in the word list (see the example). Be sure to check your spelling!

Word List

- Albrecht Dürer
- apprentice
- artists
- Botticelli
- Europe ✓
- Florence
- humanism
- inventions
- Italy
- Jan van Eyck
- Leonardo da Vinci
- marble
- Michelangelo
- paint
- pope
- Raphael
- rebirth
- Renaissance
- Sistine Chapel
- Sofonisba Anguissola

D	M	D	H	L	H	O	O	E	G	R	L	Y	X	U	X	S	T	Y	O	B
M	C	X	O	M	Y	X	Q	C	V	I	X	G	I	B	I	N	Q	V	K	M
A	O	D	S	O	I	Q	E	I	L	W	H	L	V	H	C	O	A	O	R	V
R	P	M	O	L	R	C	V	T	T	U	H	E	R	J	N	I	D	S	E	O
B	B	X	F	C	E	E	O	N	N	R	S	P	A	O	I	T	T	J	R	F
L	X	B	O	F	C	Z	M	E	I	E	S	A	D	P	V	N	N	R	U	C
E	Y	A	N	I	N	S	O	R	A	Z	T	H	P	F	A	E	M	R	D	S
C	B	I	I	T	A	S	M	P	P	L	S	C	W	L	D	V	D	P	T	Y
I	G	Z	S	A	S	N	B	P	W	E	I	E	X	O	O	N	H	R	H	B
H	D	K	B	L	S	G	Q	A	N	A	T	N	T	R	D	I	Q	M	C	L
H	X	Y	A	Y	I	D	C	A	P	H	R	I	T	E	R	B	K	I	E	X
X	X	F	A	M	A	Q	K	R	T	P	A	T	U	N	A	U	E	C	R	M
X	Q	H	N	R	N	O	F	K	E	A	X	S	Z	C	N	P	S	H	B	S
O	R	T	G	C	E	R	B	D	D	R	P	I	K	E	O	O	G	E	L	I
J	B	R	U	S	R	J	C	J	J	V	N	S	B	R	E	B	S	L	A	N
W	N	M	I	R	W	Q	J	Y	Q	G	I	E	U	X	L	X	R	A	E	A
J	P	I	S	F	N	J	I	W	F	O	N	E	M	R	R	D	Z	N	Q	M
Q	O	H	S	E	A	J	A	N	V	A	N	E	Y	C	K	Z	T	G	P	U
E	P	B	O	T	T	I	C	E	L	L	I	B	H	P	Z	U	X	E	Y	H
X	E	N	L	O	P	A	B	S	B	R	E	B	I	R	T	H	X	L	D	A
T	U	F	A	G	H	V	B	O	U	H	A	R	K	F	W	Z	K	O	D	Y

Make a Sculpture

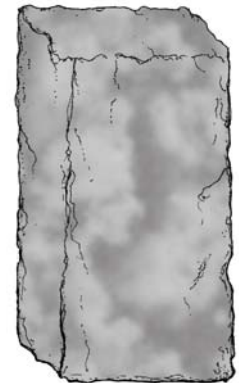
Directions: Marble sculpture was a major part of Renaissance art. Some artists created sculptures with religious themes, with mythological themes, or of leaders. These marble sculptures took a lot of time to complete. You are going to create your own "marble" sculpture. Choose one of the artists you read about in this book. Follow the steps below to create your very own sculpture of that artist.

You will need:

- a toaster oven
- a baking sheet
- aluminum foil
- gray or white modeling clay
- a plastic knife
- oven mitts

Create a statue:

1. Preheat the toaster oven to 275° and line the baking sheet with aluminum foil.
2. Shape or roll out your piece of clay into a 2"-wide x 4"-high rectangle.
3. Using the plastic knife, cut away pieces of the clay to form the outline of your artist's body. For example, you will need to cut out a place for the head, neck, and shoulders. Using your fingers, mold the face and other features. You may want to dip your fingers in water to smooth out the features. Use extra clay to create clothes, hair, and limbs.
4. Once your sculpture is complete, place it face up on the baking sheet and bake according to clay package directions. Always wear oven mitts when using the toaster oven. Allow sculpture to cool.



Show your statue to your class, a friend, or a family member.



Name: _____

Date: _____

Visit a Renaissance Museum

Directions: Take a virtual field trip to a Renaissance museum! Along with at least one of your family members, take a tour of a Renaissance museum by visiting one or more of the web sites below. Or, visit a local museum that is exhibiting a Renaissance artist's work. Afterwards, write a sentence telling what your favorite Renaissance art piece is and why.



The Virtual Uffizi. <http://www.arca.net/uffizi/index1.htm>

This web site has photographs of each painting that hangs in the Galleria degli Uffizi in Florence, Italy. Click on "Artists Index" and search the images by the artist's first name.

The Galleria dell'Accademia. <http://www.sbas.firenze.it/accademia/>

This web site features photographs of the sculptures inside the Galleria dell'Accademia of Florence. Among these sculptures are Michelangelo's *David* and the "Prisoners." The site is in Italian, but if you click on "Collezioni," you will be directed to a map of the different rooms in the museum. Click on one of the rooms and you will see photographs of the sculptures in that room.

The Louvre. <http://www.louvre.fr/louvre.htm>

Search the collections of one of the world's most famous museums. The Louvre has lots of well-known artwork, including many pieces created during the Renaissance. Among these paintings is Leonardo da Vinci's "Mona Lisa," completed in 1506.

Name of local museum and exhibit that I visited: _____.

My favorite Renaissance art piece is: _____ by

_____ because _____

_____.

Renaissance Artists Who Inspired the World
 Show What You Know: Activity Sheet #1

Name: _____
 Date: _____



Performance Assessment: Written

Renaissance Artists—Who, What, When, Where, Why, and How?

Directions: Many Renaissance artists lived in Italy, but some of them lived in other countries. Using the information you learned in *Renaissance Artists Who Inspired the World*, complete the chart below, filling in details about each Renaissance artist's life.

Who? (Who is the artist?)	What? (What did the artist create? List the types of art, as well as specific titles of art pieces.)	When? (When did the artist live?)	Where? (Where did the artist live?)	Why? (Why did the artist create art?)	How? (How did the artist inspire the world?)
Sandro Botticelli					
Leonardo da Vinci					
Michelangelo					
Raphael					
Sofonisba Anguissola					



Performance Assessment: Oral

Have You Met My Friend, _____?

Directions: Choose one Renaissance artist you read about in this book. Prepare an oral report to introduce your class, a friend, or a family member to this Renaissance artist. Follow the steps below as you prepare your presentation.

What your presentation should include:

- Artist's name, family, and personal background
- Important dates (birth, death, and so forth)
- Important places (where the artist was born, where the artist worked, and so forth)
- Art medium (sculpture, paintings, and so forth)
- Famous art pieces
- Interesting facts about the artist
- Pictures of the artist, his/her artwork, maps, and other visual aids

Ideas for presenting your oral report:

There are a variety of ways you can introduce your artist. Here are just a few ideas:

- Present the information like a formal, narrative report.
- Pretend you are someone who knew the artist personally (the artist's mother or father, a pope, a spouse, or a best friend). Share your experiences living with, talking to, and watching this artist. (Don't forget to dress in Renaissance clothing!)
- Pretend you are the artist. Tell your life story. (Don't forget to dress like the artist!)



Renaissance Artists Who
Inspired the World

Show What You Know:
Activity Sheet #3



Name: _____

Date: _____

Performance Assessment: Visual

A Portrait of an Artist

Directions: Many Renaissance artists created images based on their impressions of a person or an event. They tried to express emotions in their art that would show what the subjects in the art were feeling. Choose one of the Renaissance artists you read about in the book and an event in his or her life. In the box below, draw a picture of the artist and the event. Make sure you show the emotions you think the artist was feeling during this event. Write a caption explaining your picture.



Mingle and Match

Directions: Cut apart the boxes below. Spread the words out on one side of a table and the descriptions out on the other side of the table. Match each word with its correct description.

Words

Renaissance	Italy
Sandro Botticelli	apprentice
Leonardo da Vinci	Vatican
Michelangelo	Lorenzo di Medici
Raphael	Rembrandt
Sofonisba Anguissola	perspective

Descriptions

the official residence of the pope	famous paintings are "Primavera" and "The Birth of Venus"
famous for sculpting <i>David</i> and painting the ceiling of the Sistine Chapel	an important leader in Florence, Italy
an artist's technique of making some objects look closer and others appear farther away	painted portraits of people smiling
his famous angels are part of a large painting called "The Sistine Madonna"	an artist from the Netherlands who was greatly influenced by the Renaissance
a person who goes to work for another person to learn a trade, art, or business	the birthplace of the Renaissance
French for "rebirth"	painted the "Mona Lisa" and "The Last Supper"



Multiple Choice Masterpiece— PART ONE

Directions: Read each question and circle the best possible answer. Once you have finished answering each question, read the directions on Multiple Choice Masterpiece—PART TWO and see if your answers make a masterpiece!

1. *Renaissance* means _____.
 - a. middle ages
 - b. rebirth
 - c. French
 - d. classical art
2. Leonardo da Vinci is famous for _____.
 - a. sculpting *David*
 - b. painting "The Chess Game"
 - c. painting "The Last Supper"
 - d. painting the Sistine Chapel ceiling
3. Pope Sixtus IV was _____.
 - a. overjoyed with Botticelli's work on the Sistine Chapel
 - b. disappointed in Michelangelo
 - c. opposed to art
 - d. tired of the Renaissance
4. Artemisia Gentileschi was _____.
 - a. the most famous female artist of all time
 - b. a famous sculptor
 - c. Michelangelo's sister
 - d. greatly influenced by the Renaissance
5. Raphael painted _____.
 - a. only angels
 - b. religious art
 - c. secular art
 - d. both b and c
6. Sofonisba Anguissola often painted _____.
 - a. landscapes
 - b. smiling people
 - c. water lilies
 - d. pietas
7. Leonardo da Vinci was _____.
 - a. a painter and a sculptor
 - b. a thinker and a pope
 - c. an artist, inventor, and thinker
 - d. an artist, thinker, and lawyer
8. Many people thought of Michelangelo as _____.
 - a. the greatest sculptor who ever lived
 - b. boring and unoriginal
 - c. the apprentice of Lorenzo di Medici
 - d. less talented than his sister, Artemisia Gentileschi
9. Jan van Eyck is credited as the inventor of _____.
 - a. watercolors
 - b. mosaics
 - c. oil paints
 - d. perspective
10. The Renaissance influenced an artist from the Netherlands named _____.
 - a. Rembrandt
 - b. Sofonisba Anguissola
 - c. El Greco
 - d. Botticelli
11. Albrecht Dürer is famous for making _____.
 - a. wax sculptures
 - b. picture frames
 - c. paint brushes
 - d. woodcut prints
12. The Renaissance started in _____.
 - a. Spain
 - b. Italy
 - c. Germany
 - d. Morocco



Multiple Choice Masterpiece— PART TWO

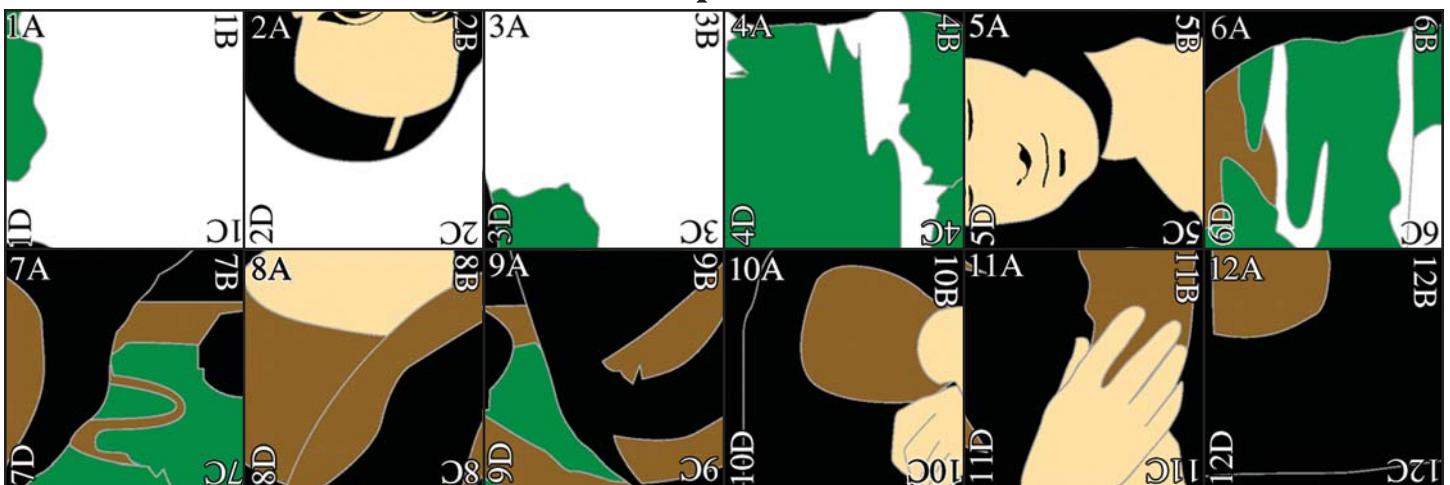
Directions: Now that you have answered all the questions in Multiple Choice Masterpiece—PART ONE, you are going to see if you answered all the questions correctly. If you did, your answers will help you create a masterpiece! Carefully cut out the tiles in Template B. Once you have cut out all 12 tiles, glue or tape the tiles to Template A. Make sure your answer is facing the right way. For example, the answer to question #1 is B. Find the tile that has 1B on it. Attach that tile to square 1 on Template A so that the answer 1B is at the top left-hand corner. Repeat this with all of the questions and answers. After all of the tiles are attached to Template A, you will know whether or not you have created a masterpiece!

Helpful Tip: If your finished picture does not create a masterpiece, go over Multiple Choice Masterpiece—PART ONE again and see if you can get *all* of the questions right this time!

Template A

1B ← correct answer goes here		
1	2	3
4	5	6
7	8	9
10	11	12

Template B





Venn Diagram

What Kind of Art Did the Renaissance Artists Create?

Directions: Below you will find a Venn diagram, which is used to organize ideas in a way that is easy to understand. Each of the three circles below represents a type of Renaissance art. In the numbered list below are the names of each artist you read about. Next to each artist's name is a number. Write the number of each artist in the part of the Venn diagram that tells the type of art the artist made. If the artist created more than one type of art, write his or her number in the area where the art styles overlap. Make sure you don't write any artist's number more than once. For example, Raphael painted both religious and secular paintings, so you would write the number 8 in the area where the circles for secular art and religious art overlap (but not where they overlap with sculpture—Raphael wasn't a sculptor!).

Once you are finished, find the space in the diagram that has the most numbers in it and write a paragraph explaining why you think that type of art was so popular during the Renaissance!

1. Sandro Botticelli
2. Leonardo da Vinci
3. Michelangelo
4. Sofonisba Anguissola
5. Rembrandt
6. Jan van Eyck
7. Artemisia Gentileschi
8. Raphael ✓

